Duration: 75 min

1. (4pt.)

- (a) State the Mean Value Theorem.
- (b) Use the Mean Value Theorem to prove that

$$|\tan x - \tan y| \ge |x - y|$$

for all $x, y \in (-\pi/2, \pi/2)$

2. (9 pt.) Let
$$f(x) = x^3 + \frac{3}{x}$$

- (a) Find the intervals on which f(x) is increasing or decreasing, and find local extrema, if any.
- (b) Find intervals on which the graph of f(x) is concave upward or down ward, and find the points of inflection, if any.
- (c) Find vertical and horizontal asymptotes for the graph of f(x), if any.
- (d) Sketch the graph of f(x).
- 3. (4 pt.) Find the area of the largest rectangle that can be inscribed in a circle with radius 16.
- 4. (4 pt.) Compute the following integrals

(a)
$$\int \sin 2x \sec^4 2x \, dx$$
, (b) $\int (\cos x + 2)^2 \, dx$.

5. (4 pt.) Compute

(a)
$$\int_0^3 (x+\sqrt{9-x^2}) dx$$
 (b) $\int_{-4}^0 |x+3| dx$.